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Italiano

Manuale d'uso

English

Operator's manual

Français

Manuel d'utilisation

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Español

Elaborazione grafica e impaginazione

Ufficio Pubblicazioni Tecniche

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this manual is to provide the owner and operator of this machine with a set of safe and practical instructions for the use and maintenance of the balancing machine. Follow all of the instructions carefully and your machine will assist you in your work and give long-lasting and efficient service, in keeping with CORGHI traditions.

The following paragraphs define the levels of danger regarding the machine, associated with the warning captions found in this manual.

DANGER

Refers to immediate danger with the risk of serious injury or death.

WARNING

Dangers or unsafe procedures that can cause serious injury or death.

ATTENTION

Dangers or unsafe procedures that can cause minor injuries or damage to property.

Read these instructions carefully before using the machine. Keep this manual and the illustrated material supplied with the machine in a folder near the place of operation, where it is readily accessible for consultation by the machine operator.

The technical documentation supplied is considered an integral part of the machine; in the event of sale all relative documentation must remain with the balancing machine.

The manual is only to be considered valid for the machine of the model and serial number stated on the nameplate applied to it.



WARNING

Adhere to the contents of this manual: Corghi declines all liability in the case of actions not specifically described and authorised in this manual.

NOTE

Some of the illustrations in this manual have been taken from photographs of prototypes; the standard production model may differ slightly in certain respects.

These instructions are for the attention of personnel with basic mechanical skills. We have therefore condensed the descriptions of each operation by omitting detailed instructions regarding, for example, how to loosen or tighten the fixing devices on the machine. Do not attempt to perform operations unless properly qualified and with suitable experience. In case of need, please contact our nearest authorised Service Centre for assistance.

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TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- The basic balancing machine packaging consists of 1 wooden crate containing:
 - the balancing machine (L fig. 4);
 - the head (B, fig. 6), outside sensor and accessories.
 - the support tube and wheel guard (A, B, fig. 7).
- Before installation, the balancing machine must be transported in its original packing, making sure that the machine is maintained in the position indicated on the outer packing. The machine can be moved by placing the packages on trolley with wheels or by inserting the forks of a lift truck in the relative channels in the pallet (fig. 1).
- Packaging dimensions:

Length	Depth	Height	Weight	Packaging weight
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kg)	(kg)
1470	850	1150	196	50

- Ambient conditions in place of storage:
 - relative humidity from 20% to 95%;
 - temperature from -10° to +60°C.



ATTENTION

Do not place other items on top of the two packs, as this may result in damage.

After installation, the machine can be moved using the following methods:

- with a crane, using special equipment that holds the machine at the lifting points (fig. 2);
- inserting the forks of a lift truck under the machine so that the centre of the forks correspond approximately to the centre line of the cabinet (fig. 3).



WARNING

Always unplug the power supply lead from the socket before moving the machine.



ATTENTION

Never apply force to the spin shaft when moving the machine.

INSTALLATION



WARNING

Carry out the unpacking, assembly and installation operations described in this heading with great care.

Failure to observe these instructions may result in damage to the machine and injury to the operator or other persons.

Remove the original packing material, after having positioned it as shown on the outside and keep intact so that the machine can be safely shipped at a later date if necessary.



WARNING

The regulations in force concerning safety at work must be complied with when choosing the installation position.

In particular, the machine must only be installed and used in protected environments where there is no risk of dripping onto it.

IMPORTANT: for correct, safe use of the equipment, users must ensure a lighting level of at least 300 lux in the place of use.

Ambient conditions in place of operation:

- relative humidity from 30% to 80% (without condensate);
- temperature from 0° to +55°C.



WARNING

The machine must not be operated in potentially explosive atmospheres.

If the machine is supplied with a number of separate parts that require assembly, follow the assembly procedures described below.

Fitting the head (fig. 6)

- Screw the retainer screw (A fig. 6) and the relative lock-nut onto the plate of the head support upright.
- Unscrew the four fixing screws and remove the guard plate at the base of the upright (back of machine).
- Insert the wires leading from the head into the slot B (fig. 6).
- Fit the head rotation pin in the bushing C (fig. 6); the head must be positioned so that the control panel is facing towards the front of the machine.
- Check that the head turns freely through about 30°; this means that the rotation stop is fitted correctly into the seat provided in the head; also check that the wires are not crushed or in critical positions.
- Working through the window in the of the upright, pick up the cables inserted previously and connect them to their respective connectors (fig. 6c). To avoid wiring errors, the connectors are of different sizes.
- Connect the ground wire leading from the head to the connection unit tab at the base of the upright.
- Replace the guard plate.

GB

- Fix the head rotation pin in its seat by fitting the spring washer, the washer and the M6 screws (D fig. 6).
- Fit the front guard (E fig.6) on the upright using the four self-tapping screws and the two plastic caps provided.
- Switch on the machine and check that it is working correctly.

Fitting the external sensor and guard (fig. 7)

- Unscrew the locking nuts of the two screws in the holes of the support pin and remove the screws.
- Fit the guard tube (A, fig. 7) into the support pin, lining up the two sets of holes.
- Fit the two screws into the holes and lock the tube to the support by tightening the relative nuts.
- Fix the external sensor support bracket, keeping the concave part facing upward, on the tube of the guard, using the two screws provided (D, fig. 7).
- Fit the round pin on the sensor body into the hole in the support and fix it with the enclosed snap ring (D,E,F, fig. 7).
- Place the wheel guard (B, fig. 7) on the tube and fix it by snapping the seven clamping elements into their seats (C, fig. 7). Pass the sensor cable through the two rear snap-in clamping elements so that it is concealed from view.
- Then connect the sensor cable connector to the socket close to the mains sockets.
- Assemble the 5 flange holder pins as shown in fig. 4B.

After the machine has been assembled it should be installed in the prestabilised position, making sure that the surrounding spaces correspond to the minimum values indicated in figure 9.

The balancing machine must be placed in a stable position; to ensure this, adjust the bolt in the rear left-hand corner of the base (after adjusting, tighten using the lock-nut) Fig. 8.

Main operational components of the machine (fig. 4a)

- A) automatic diameter and distance measuring arm
- B) automatic width measuring arm
- C) head
- D) display panel
- E) flange holder
- F) weight-holder cover
- G) wheel support shaft
- H) master switch
- I) handling holes
- J) wheel guard
- K) QL control pedal (optional)

Display panel (fig. 5)

- A) inner side display (left-hand)
- B) outer side display (right-hand)
- C) inner side position indicator
- D) outer side position indicator
- E) START key
- F) STOP key
- G) keys and indicator lights for selection of the functions and programs available
- H) key for manual input of the wheel data
- I) function key
- J) indicator light for wheel data setting
- K) indicator light for imbalance display status

ELECTRICAL HOOK-UP

On request the balancing machine can be set up by the manufacturer to operate with the power supply available in the place of installation. The set-up details for each individual machine are given on the machine data plate and on a special label attached to the power supply connection cable.



WARNING

All operations required for the electrical hook-up of the machine must be carried out exclusively by a qualified electrician.

- The electrical supply must be suitably sized in relation to:
 - absorbed power specifications indicated on the machine dataplate.
 - the distance between the machine and the power supply hook-up point, so that voltage drops under full load do not exceed 4% (10% in the case of start-up) below the rated voltage specified on the dataplate.
- The user must equip the machine with the following:
 - a dedicated power plug in compliance with the relevant electrical safety standards
 - a suitable circuit-breaker (residual current set to 30 mA) on the mains connection
 - power line fuses in accordance with specifications in the main wiring diagram of this manual
 - a suitable earthing system installed on the workshop mains line
- To prevent unauthorised use of the machine, always disconnect the mains plug when the machine is not used (switched off) for extended periods of time.
- If the machine is connected directly to the power supply by means of the main electrical panel and without the use of a plug, install a key-operated switch or suitable lock-out device to restrict machine use exclusively to qualified personnel.

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WARNING

A good ground connection is essential for the correct functioning of the machine. NEVER connect the machine ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, telephone cable or other unsuitable objects.

COMPRESSED AIR HOOK-UP

(QL VERSION ONLY)



WARNING

All operations involved in making the compressed air connections to the machine must only be carried out by qualified staff.

- The connection to the workshop compressed air system must ensure a minimum pressure of 8 bar; lower pressures might impair operation of the release cylinder, leading to difficulties in releasing the wheel from the machine.
- The union for connection to the compressed air system is of universal type and therefore no special or additional couplings are required. Fix a pressure-resistant hose having inside diameter 6 mm and outside diameter 14 mm to the notched union using the hose clamp provided with the machine.

SAFETY REGULATIONS



WARNING

Failure to observe these instructions and the relative danger warnings can cause serious injury to the operator or other persons.

Do not use the machine until you have read and understood all the danger/warning/attention notices in this manual.

This machine must be used only by qualified and authorised personnel. A qualified operator is construed as a person who has read and understood the manufacturer's instructions, is suitably trained, and is conversant with safety and adjustment procedures to be adhered to during operations. Operators are expressly forbidden from using the machine under the influence of alcohol or drugs capable of affecting physical and mental capacity.

The following conditions are essential:

- read and understand all the instructions on how to use the machine;
- have a thorough knowledge of the capacities and characteristics of the machine;
- keep unauthorised persons well clear of the area of operation;
- make sure that the machine has been installed in compliance with established legislation and standards;
- make sure that all machine operators are suitably trained, that they are capable of using the machine correctly and that they are adequately supervised during work;
- do not touch power lines or the inside of electric motors or other electrical equipment until the power has been disconnected;
- read this manual carefully and learn how to use the machine correctly and safely;
- always keep this manual in a place where it can be readily consulted when working with the machine and do not fail to refer to the manual whenever in need of confirmation or explanations.

WARNING

Do not remove or deface the Safety, Danger or Instruction decals. Replace any missing or illegible Safety, Danger or Instruction decals. Replacement decals can be obtained from your nearest CORGHI dealer.

- When using and carrying out maintenance on the machine, observe the unified industrial accident prevention regulations for high voltage industrial equipment and rotating machinery.
- Any unauthorised alterations made to the machine automatically release the manufacturer from any liability in the case of damage or accidents as a result of such alterations. Specifically, tampering with or removing the machine's safety devices is a breach of the regulations for industrial accident prevention.

WARNING

During work and maintenance operations, always tie up long hair and do not wear loose clothing, ties, necklaces, wristwatches or any other items that may get caught up in the moving parts.

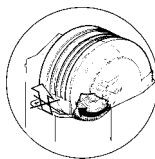
Key to warning and instructions labels



Never apply force to the spin shaft when moving the machine.



Unplug the power supply cable before carrying out maintenance/assistance work on the machine.



Do not lift up the guard when the wheel is turning.

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GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

- Variable balancing speed (from 60 to 98 rpm depending on the wheel):
 - optimises wheel spin times by minimising them;
 - reduces risk due to rotating parts;
 - allows energy saving.
- Wheel placed further forward towards the operator for easier placing of the adhesive weights.
- Automatic sensors for measuring wheel distance, diameter and width and for application of the adhesive weights in Alu P programs.
- Automatic wheel clamping at the end of the spin.
- Automatic and pedal-operated brake on wheel-holder shaft.
- STOP pushbutton to stop the machine immediately.
- Side flange holder cabinet.
- Cover with tray to take the weights and the most widely used accessories.
- Mini-anvil for repairing clip weights.
- Automatic start by pushing down on lowered wheel guard.
- Illuminating digital display unit with double display and graphics of 3D panel.
- Processing unit with several microprocessors (16 bit).
- Resolution: 1 g. (1/10 oz).
- Wide selection of programs so that the machine is easy to use immediately.
- Imbalance display in grams and ounces.
- Imbalance display rounding setting.
- Types of balancing available:
 - *Standard* dynamic on both sides
 - *Alu / Alu P* seven different routines for aluminum rims
 - *Motorcycle dynamic* dynamic on both sides of motorcycle wheels
 - *ALU motorcycle* dynamic on both sides of aluminum motorcycle wheels
 - *Static* on a single side.
- “**Mobile planes**” program (in Alu P) for using multiple five gram weights, i.e.: available without the need for partial cuts.
- “**Hidden weight**” program (in Alu P) in order to sub-divide the outer plane balancing adhesive weights into two equal weights positioned behind the rim spokes.
- “**Weight division**” program (motorcycle programs) to divide the weight into two equivalent values to be placed on either side of the spoke.
- “**OPT flash**” program for rapid optimisation of operating noise reduction (also available in standard version).
- “**OPT standard**” program (optional).
- General utility programs:
 - Calibration
 - Servicing
 - Self-diagnostics.
- Three separate working environments, allowing three different operators to work in parallel with no need to set the data again.
- RPA, automatic wheel positioning in the position where the balancing weight has to be applied.
- Visual check; this function allows a visual check on the roundness defects of the wheel and rim.

- Quick Lock, automatic wheel clamping (optional).
- Side cabinet for weights and accessories (optional).

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Electricity supply rating single-phase 100/115/230 V $\pm 10\%$
- Total power 300 W
- Balancing speed 60 \div 98 rpm
- Maximum imbalance value calculated 999 grams
- Average spin time (with 5x14" wheel) 5.5 s
- Shaft diameter 38 mm
- Work ambient temperature from 0 to 50°C
- Machine dimensions (fig. 10):
 - depth with guard closed 1160 mm
 - depth with guard open 1445 mm
 - width with guard 1100 mm
 - height with guard close 1480 mm
 - height with guard open 1710 mm
- Programming parameters:
 - rim width from 1,5" to 20"
 - rim diameter from 1" to 23"
 - Max. wheel/machine distance 270 mm
 - Max. wheel width (with guard) 510 mm
 - Max. wheel diameter (with guard) 925 mm
- Max. wheel weight 65 kg
- Shipping weight (without accessories) 146 kg
- Noise level when running < 70 dB(A)

MACHINE OUTFIT

The following parts are supplied together with the machine:

- Weight clip pliers code 900203841
- Threaded hub code 900222099
- Flange attachment bolt code 900222101
- Caliper for wheel width measurement code 900223420
- Weights identification plate code 900437485
- Hex wrench CH 4 code 900600714
- Hex wrench CH 5 code 900600674
- Hex wrench CH 6 code 900600906
- Hex wrench CH 10 code 900600910
- 100 gram weight code 900430573
- Automatic calibration disc code 9005-100026
- Automatic calibration disc counterweight code 900259719

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OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Please refer to relevant accessories catalogue.

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF USE

The balancing machines described in this manual must be used **exclusively** to measure the entity and position of imbalances on motor vehicle wheels, within the limits specified in the technical specifications section. Furthermore, models with motors must be provided with a suitable guard, fitted with a safety device, which must be lowered during the spin operation.



WARNING

All other uses, apart from those described, are to be considered improper and unreasonable.



ATTENTION

Starting the machine without the wheel clamping equipment is forbidden.



WARNING

Do not use the machine without the guard and do not tamper with the safety device.



ATTENTION

Cleaning or washing the machine with compressed air or jets of water is forbidden.



WARNING

Only original CORGHI equipment should be used during operation.



WARNING

Get to know your machine. The best way to prevent accidents and obtain top performance from the machine is to ensure that all operators know how the machine works.

Learn the function and location of all the commands.

Carefully check that all commands on the machine are working efficiently.

To avoid accidents and injury, the machine must be installed properly, operated correctly and serviced regularly.

SWITCHING ON THE MACHINE

Switch on the machine using the switch on the front of the body (H fig. 4).

The balancing machine performs a checking test (all the LEDs illuminate), and if no anomalies are detected, a beeper sounds and the cycle status initially active is displayed, as follows:

- active balancing mode: dynamic (DYN);
- values displayed : 000 000;
- grams displayed in units of 5 (or 1/4 of an ounce);
- sensor value rounding active;
- wheel data set: width = 5.5", diameter = 14", distance = 70 mm.

At this point, the user may set the data of the wheel to be balanced or select one of the programs available.

WHEEL DATA INPUT

The machine acquires the diameter, distance and width values automatically, but it is also possible to enter the same data in manual mode.

To load the data automatically, proceed as follows:





- bring the internal automatic data acquisition arm (A, fig. 4) into contact with the inside of the rim (fig. 11a) and at the same time bring the external automatic data acquisition arm (B, fig. 4) into contact with the outside (fig. 11b). **Take the greatest care to position the arms correctly, in order to obtain an accurate reading of the data.**
- Keep the arms in contact with the rim until the machine has acquired the values. The geometrical data are displayed in sequence:
 - d distance value;
 - di diameter value;
 - Lr width value.

When a geometrical value is displayed, the corresponding LED illuminates on the display panel.











- Check the values measured and then return the arms to the rest position; if an incorrect value is acquired during the measurement procedure, bring the arms to the rest position and repeat the operation.

Entering wheel data in manual mode


If one or both of the automatic acquisition arms fails to operate, all the geometrical data can be entered using the keyboard:

- Press the  key.
- Measure the width of the rim using the caliper provided (fig. 12).
- Modify the width value displayed by pressing the  and  keys until the desired number is set. The value can be set in millimetres or the values already set can be converted from inches to millimetres by pressing the  key.

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- Values set previously can be increased or decreased quickly by keeping the  and  keys pressed.
- Press the  key to confirm the previous data and preset the machine for entering of the diameter.
- Read the nominal rim diameter value on the tyre.
- Modify the diameter value displayed by pressing the  and  keys until the number read is set. The diameter can be set in millimetres or the values already set can be converted from inches to millimetres by pressing the  key.
- Press the  key to confirm the previous data and preset the machine for entering of the distance.
- Bring the distance measuring arm into contact with the inside of the rim (fig. 11a).
- Read the distance between the wheel and the cabinet on the rule provided.
- Modify the distance value displayed by pressing the  and  keys until the number read is set.
- On completion, press  to display the imbalance values recalculated on the basis of the new dimensions, or **START** to perform a wheel spin.


DISPLAYING IMBALANCES IN GRAMS / OUNCES

The system is preset to display imbalance values in grams or ounces by keeping the  key pressed for about five seconds.

ROUNDING UP/DOWN

At switch-on, the machine presets to display the imbalance values in steps of five ounces; i.e. with rounding up or down to the nearest multiple of 5 (or in quarters of an ounce if display in ounces is active).

In this condition, the first four grams of imbalance are not displayed since an appropriate threshold, indicated by illumination of the "THR" LED on the display panel, is activated.

The  key can be pressed to eliminate the threshold (the illuminated indication "x5"; "oz/4" goes out) and the imbalance values will be displayed gram by gram (or in tenths of an ounce if display in ounces is active).

The two display modes can be selected in alternation by pressing the same key again.

WHEEL SPIN

Wheel spin takes place automatically when the guard is lowered, or can be triggered by pressing the **START** key with the guard lowered.

A special safety device stops rotation if the guard is raised during the spin; in this case, the "Err Cr" message appears.

During position search, the wheel can be turned with the guard raised.



WARNING

Starting the machine without the guard and/or with the safety device incorrectly positioned or tampered with is forbidden.



WARNING

Never raise the guard before the wheel has come to a stop.



WARNING

If, due to a fault on the machine, the wheel keeps spinning permanently, switch off the machine at the master switch or unplug the plug from the power supply panel (emergency stop). Then wait until the wheel stops before raising the guard.

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USING THE QL AUTOMATIC CLAMPING DEVICE (OPTIONAL)

The procedure for using the machine is very similar to that for an ordinary balancing machine with fixed threaded hub.

Centring with cone at front

- Fit the wheel on the shaft, sliding into place until it rests against the flange.
- Fit the most suitable cone on the shaft and insert it in the hole in the centre of the wheel.
- Press the control pedal (K fig. 4) so that the threaded hub moves outward.
- Fit the ring-nut, running it down the threaded hub until it touches the cone.
- Release the control pedal so that the threaded hub returns to the rest position, clamping the wheel against the flange.

Centring with cone at rear

- Fit the spring on the shaft and position it inside the flange.
- Fit the cone best suited to the central hole in the wheel on the shaft.
- Fit the wheel on the cone and push it on until the cone touches the spring.
- Press the control pedal (K fig. 4) so that the threaded hub moves outward.
- Fit the ring-nut, running it down the threaded hub until the plastic cap touches the rim.
- Apply pressure so that the spring is lightly preloaded.
- Release the control pedal so that the threaded hub returns to the rest position, clamping the wheel against the flange.

Centring with flange

- Fit the flange on the shaft.
- Press the control pedal so that the threaded hub moves outward.
- Fit the special plug provided, then turn it clockwise.
- Release the pedal so that the plug clamps the flange on the shaft.
- Follow the usual procedure to clamp the wheel on the flange.

Notes

- In the fairly unlikely event of a control valve blockage or breakage of a compressed air connection hose, the machine can still be operated like an ordinary balancing machine with fixed threaded hub. **This also allows use of the machine if the compressed air supply fails and/or in case of a breakdown of the workshop compressed air system.**
- In case of an error in the operating procedure, e.g. if the release command is given with the wheel still turning, the ring-nut ensures that the wheel cannot come off the shaft. If a mistake of this kind occurs, abort the wheel spin, clamp the wheel again and perform another spin.
- The Quick Lock clamping system guarantees virtually complete compatibility with all accessories provided for balancing machines without automatic clamping system.



BALANCING PROGRAMS

Before starting a balancing operation, proceed as follows:

- fit the wheel on the hub using the most suitable flange;
- secure the wheel so that no movements are possible during the wheel spin and braking phases;
- remove any balancing weights, stones, dirt or other foreign bodies from the wheel;
- enter the wheel data correctly.


Dynamic balancing (standard)

To balance a wheel in dynamic mode, proceed as follows:

- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **DYN** program



illuminates.

- Press the  key to confirm the selection.

The program recalls this program automatically at switch-on.

- Enter the wheel data correctly.
- Spin the wheel by pushing down on the guard.

To obtain the highest precision in the results, do not apply any undue stresses to the machine during wheel spin.

- Wait for the wheel to stop automatically and for the imbalance values calculated to appear.
- Select the first side to be balanced.
- Turn the wheel until the central element of the corresponding position indicator illuminates.
- Apply the balancing weight indicated, in the position on the rim corresponding to 12 o'clock.
- Repeat the operations listed above for the second side of the wheel.
- Carry out another wheel spin to check the balancing precision. If this is not considered satisfactory, modify the value and position of the weights applied previously, following the guidance provided by the balance control diagram (fig. 13).

Bear in mind that especially for large imbalances, an error in positioning of the counter-weight of just a few degrees may lead to a residual imbalance as large as 5-10 grams during the verification phase.

To simplify balancing weight application, the wheel can be kept braked in two ways :

- by pressing the pedal under the base, below the wheel to be balanced;
- by pressing the **STOP** key when the wheel is in one of the weight application positions; the wheel is released by pressing the **STOP** key again, when a wheel spin is triggered, or after about 10 sec.

The shaft clamping system can also be useful during installation of special centring accessories.

GB



WARNING

Check that the system which fits the weight to the rim is in optimum condition.



A weight which is not properly or correctly fitted may come off as the wheel rotates, creating a potential danger.

Pressing the **STOP** key while the wheel is in motion interrupts the wheel spin before time. If the “**RPA**” (position centred) program is active, at the end of each balancing wheel spin the machine stops the wheel in the position for application of the weight on the inside; if this balancing weight is equal to zero, the wheel is stopped in the position for the outside. If the **START** key is pressed with the guard raised, automatic search for the second side position begins.

This function is described in greater detail in the AUTOMATIC POSITION SEARCH SECTION.


Static balancing

A wheel can be balanced by applying a single counterweight on one of its sides or in the centre of the well; in this case, the wheel is balanced statically. However, there is still the risk of dynamic imbalance, which becomes more significant as the width of the wheel increases.

- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **STATIC** program



illuminates;



- press the  key to confirm the selection;
- set the wheel diameter value (in static mode, there is no need to enter the width and distance values);
- spin the wheel, lowering the guard;
- wait for the wheel to stop automatically and for display of the static imbalance value calculated;
- turn the wheel until the central element of the position indicator illuminates;
- apply the balancing weight at 12 o'clock, on the outside, the inside or in the well (this makes no difference at all). If applied in the well, the weight is applied on a diameter smaller than the nominal diameter of the rim, so in order to obtain correct results a value of 2 or 3 inches less than the nominal value must be entered when the diameter is set;
- carry out a checking wheel spin, following the instructions provided in the dynamic balancing procedure.

Balancing aluminum (ALU) wheels

To balance aluminum wheels we usually use self-adhesive weights that are positioned differently from the standard balancing (fig. 14).


There are various ALU balancing programs, specially designed to work with rims of this type.

To select the ALU programs:

- press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **ALU** program



illuminates.

- Press the  key as often as necessary to confirm selection of the ALU program desired (the corresponding balancing planes are highlighted on the rim shown on the control panel).

ALU 1P and ALU 2P programs

These programs are used for maximum precision balancing on light aluminum rims that **require the application of both weights on the same side (inner) in relation to the rim disk.**

This type of balancing procedure is particularly suitable for applying adhesive weights to the rim, since the forward position of the wheel in relation to the machine body gives free access to a large zone on the inside of the rim.

After selecting the chosen ALU P program, the wheel data have to be acquired.

Wheel data acquisition

With this program the real wheel data have to be set **in relation to the real balancing planes** rather than the nominal values (as in standard ALU programs). The balancing planes where the **adhesive weights will be applied can be selected by the user according to the particular shape of the rim.** It should be remembered, however, that in order to reduce the quantity of the weight that is to be applied **it is preferable to select balancing planes that are as far apart as possible**; if the distance between the two planes is less than 37 mm (1.5"), the "Alu Err" message will be displayed.

- Move the end of the automatic sensor in correspondence with the plane selected for the application of the inside balancing weight. In Alu 1 P the centre of the cavity on the end of the arm where the adhesive weight for application will be placed is assumed as reference (Fig. 15a). In ALU 2P the reference is the edge of the rim, given that the inside weight is of the traditional spring type (Fig. 11a).

Make absolutely certain that the end of the sensor is positioned in an area free of discontinuity, so that the weight can be applied in the same position.

- Keep the arm in position. After two seconds the machine will emit a beep to confirm that the distance and diameter values have been acquired.
- Move the end of the automatic sensor in correspondence with the plane selected for the application of the **outside** balancing weight (fig. 15b), in the same manner as described previously for the inside plane.
- Keep the arm in position and wait for the beep of confirmation.

- Return the sensor to the rest position.

If the sensor is returned to the rest position after having only acquired the data for one plane, or if the outside plane data are acquired first, followed by the inside plane data, the “Err 23” message will appear on the video and the acquired data will not be taken into consideration.

- Carry out a spin.

Attaching balancing weights

- Select the plane where the first balancing weight is to be applied.
- Rotate the wheel until the central element of the corresponding position indicator is illuminated.

If the balancing weight is of the **traditional clip type** (inside plane in ALU 2P), position the balancing weight **at 12 o'clock**. If, on the other hand, the weight is of the **adhesive type**:

- position it inside the cavity in the weight holder end of the measuring arm (fig. 16), with the backing paper of the adhesive strip facing up. Then remove the backing paper.
- Move the sensor until it is in the position indicated. In this phase, one display continues to show the imbalance value of the side to be balanced, while the other shows a numerical value updated on the basis of the sensor position, which **becomes zero when the position for application of the weight is reached**.
- Rotate the end of the sensor until the weight adhesive strip is in position in correspondence with the rim surface.
- Press the push button (fig. 16) to eject the weight and make it stick to the rim.
- Return the sensor to the rest position.
- Repeat this process for the application of the second balancing weight.
- Carry out a test spin to check the accuracy of the balancing.

In order to be sure that the weight sticks to the rim the surface must be perfectly clean. If necessary, clean the rim surface with a suitable detergent.

“Mobile planes” program (only available with ALU P programs)

This function is automatically activated when an ALU P program is selected.

It modifies the pre-selected positions for the application of adhesive balancing weights, in order to allow perfect wheel balancing using commercially available adhesive weights in multiples of five grams. The precision of the machine is thereby improved, avoiding rounding or cutting weights in order to come closer to the real imbalance values.

The modified positions, where the adhesive weights are to be applied, are selected by the user according to the instructions supplied by the balancing machine (see ATTACHING BALANCING WEIGHTS section).




To avoid excessive and unnecessary delays, the calculations are carried out at the conclusion of the spin, excluding it at the moment of selection of the ALU P programs or after a new acquisition of wheel data. In this event, no imbalance values will be displayed. Normally the machine modifies the position where the balancing weights are applied according to the criteria pre-established by the program. However, depending on the type of rim and according to the operator's discretion, the intervals within which the machine can modify each balancing plane can be defined. In order to perform this operation, two successive sets of wheel data must be acquired for each of the rim planes (see MEASURING WHEEL DATA section). The range of each interval cannot exceed 20 mm, in order to


prevent the re-calculated planes from being positioned in areas of discontinuity on the rim and the calculation time from increasing excessively. If the second acquisition takes place with the sensor in excess of the maximum range, this acquisition will be taken as a reference to the second plane.

“Hidden weight” program (only available on demand with ALU P programs)



This program sub-divides the outside balancing weight into two combining weights, located in a hidden position behind the two spokes on the aluminum rim.

- First select either the ALU 1 P or the ALU 2 P program.


- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **FUN** program  illuminates.



- Press the  key to confirm the setting.

This accesses the “**hidden weight**” program, and the message “hid” appears on the left-hand display. If the user attempts to select the program without first having selected an ALU P program, the “Err 26” message appears.

- Press the  and  keys until the number of spokes in the rim appears on the right-hand display.

- Turn the wheel until the centre of one spoke is at 12 o'clock.

- Press  to memorise the data set (number of spokes and angular position). The same key can be pressed again to modify the memorised values.

- Press the  key to exit from the data setting environment and return to the Alu P program selected previously. The **FUN** Led  remains on to indicate that the “hidden weight” program is active.

- OFF can be selected instead of a number of spokes to disable the program selected previously, or to exit without activating it.

- Carry out a wheel spin.



The two imbalance values calculated will appear in alternation on the display relating to the outer side of the wheel, as the angular position of the wheel varies.

Each of the two balancing weights is applied to the outside as described in the “applying the balancing weights” section of the Alu P programs.

The HIDDEN WEIGHT function is combined with the MOBILE PLANES function to allow the use of balancing weights which are multiples of 5 grams.


Standard ALU programs (ALU 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

The ALU standard programs take into account the different positions for the application of the weights (fig.14) and provide correct imbalance values maintaining unchanged the nominal wheel data input for aluminum rims.

- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the ALU program



illuminates.

- Press the  key as often as necessary to confirm selection of the ALU program desired (the corresponding balancing planes are highlighted on the rim shown on the control panel).
- Set the nominal wheel data.

If the values of the diameter and of the distance between the two balance planes recalculated on a statistical basis starting from the wheel's nominal data are outside the normally accepted interval stated in the "technical data" section, the message "alu Err" is displayed.

- Proceed as described for dynamic balancing.

Some slight residual imbalance may remain at the end of the spin test due to the considerable difference in shape found in rims with the same nominal diameters. To counter this, change the amount and position of the weights in accordance with the "balance check" diagram (fig. 13) until an accurate balance status has been obtained.

Motorcycle wheel balancing

Motorcycle wheels can be balanced in :

- **dynamic mode**; when the width of the wheel is such (over 3 inches) to generate significant imbalance components which cannot be eliminated with static balancing (the recommended procedure);
- **dynamic mode for alloy wheels**; a program similar to the ALU programs for car wheels;
- **static mode**; just one balancing weight, perhaps divided into two equal parts on two sides; procedure described in the STATIC BALANCING section.



Weight division program

Some rims have spokes so wide that it is not possible to place adhesive weights next to them; to solve this problem, a program which divides the balancing weight into two parts has been introduced.


In this case, if with the wheel centred it becomes obvious that the balancing weight will have to be placed against a spoke, proceed as follows:

- remain in the centred position;

- press  ;

- use the  and  keys to select the width of the spoke:

- 1 = small
- 2 = medium
- 3 = large
- OFF = deactivates the program

- confirm with the  key;

- apply the two new balancing weights in the positions indicated.

In “**ALU Moto**” and “**dynamic**” modes it is possible to divide the balancing weights over both sides of the wheel to be balanced.





Motorcycle dynamic program

To balance a motorcycle wheel on two planes (dynamic balancing) using clip weights, proceed as follows:

- fit the motorcycle wheel adapter (AUMO) on the balancing machine as shown in figure 17;
- insert the two screws provided in the holes on the wheel support flange;
- screw the screws onto the adapter, taking care that it is resting correctly on the flange;
- fit the most suitable pin (this depends on the hole in the centre of the wheel) onto the shaft, after removing the threaded hub;
- mount the wheel after choosing the centring cones (one each side of the wheel) and tighten with the ring-nut provided, using the spacers needed to obtain continuity between the clamping cones and the threaded part of the shaft.





IMPORTANT: For accurate measurements, it is essential to fix the wheel to the flange in such a way that no reciprocal movement is possible between the two elements during wheel spin or braking.

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- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **DM** program  illuminates.
- Press the  key to confirm the selection.
- Fit the special extension (A fig.17) on the internal measuring arm. Remember to remove this extension before performing the wheel spin.
- Set the wheel data in the usual way.
- Proceed as described for dynamic balancing.

Motorcycle ALU program



For dynamic balancing of motorcycle wheels with adhesive weights proceed as follows:

- press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **DM** program  illuminates.
 - Press the  key twice to select the “**Alu Moto**” program (the corresponding balancing planes are highlighted on the rim shown on the control panel).
 - Proceed as described previously for the “**Motorcycle Dynamic**” program. The imbalance values are calculated and displayed bearing in mind the real position in which the weights are to be applied.
- To obtain the best results, apply adhesive weights, placing them on the outer edge level with the edge of the rim.

FLASH OPT OPTIMISATION PROGRAM


This program has been made even simpler and faster than other types of OPT program; in most cases, the results obtained can be compared with those of the complete program described below, using fewer wheel spins and therefore speeding up the procedure. For guidance on this procedure, refer to the next section, bearing in mind that the flash version of the program must not be accessed until a wheel spin has been performed. The calculations made by this program are based on the imbalance values measured during the last wheel spin performed, which must therefore refer to the wheel to be balanced.

To recall this program proceed as follows:

- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **OPT** program




illuminates.


- Press the  key to confirm the selection.

After the selection has been made, in all cases the machine indicates whether execution of the program is advisable by displaying the message:

- “YES OPT” if it considers execution of the program is advisable;
- “NO OPT” in the opposite case.

Press the  key to exit from the program and return to the DYN environment;

When the procedure is recalled, the left-hand display will show: “OP.2”;



- Memorise the 12 o'clock position of the valve by pressing the  key.
- Continue as described in point OPT 3 of the next section.

OPT OPTIMIZATION PROGRAM (OPTIONAL)

This procedure is used to reduce road noise (vibrations) to a minimum. Road noise can still be present even after a very painstaking balancing, but it can be reduced by eliminating any mismatch between tyre and rim as much as possible.

The professional experience of the tyre specialist is extremely important in these cases. If it is decided that this extra step could be helpful to reduce road noise to a minimum, this program can be selected.

To recall this program proceed as follows:

- Press the  and  keys until the LED corresponding to the **OPT** program




illuminates.

- Press the **ENTER** key to confirm the selection.

After the selection has been made, in all cases the machine indicates whether execution of the program is advisable by displaying the message:

- “YES OPT” if it considers execution of the program is advisable;
- “NO OPT” in the opposite case.

This accesses the first phase of the program as shown on the display.

- To exit from the program, press the  key.

OPT 1

- Fit the rim on the machine without the tyre.
- Turn it until the valve (or the relative hole) is in the 12 o'clock position.

- Press the  key.

- Carry out a wheel spin (as shown indicated by the display).

At the end of the spin, the system moves on to the second phase of the program.

OPT 2

- Take the rim off the machine.
- Fit the tyre on the rim.
- Fit the complete wheel on the machine.
- Turn it until the valve is at 12 o'clock.


- Press the  key.


- Perform a wheel spin.

At the end of the spin, the system moves on to the third phase of the program.


OPT 3

- Turn the wheel until it is in the position shown by illumination of the central elements of the position indicators.
- Make a chalk mark on the outside wall of the tyre at 12 o'clock.




- Press the  key.
- Remove the wheel from the balancing machine.
- Turn the tyre on the rim until the mark made previously is in line with the valve (rotation through 180°).
- Put the wheel back on the balancing machine.
- Turn the wheel until the valve is at 12 o'clock.

- Press the  key.
- Perform a third wheel spin (second spin in OPT FLASH mode).

Before proceeding with the last stage of the optimisation procedure, a forecast of the improvement that can be achieved can be displayed. If you consider this improvement

unsatisfactory or no significant improvement can be obtained, press the  key to exit.


To display the improvement which can be achieved, proceed as follows:

- press the  key once: the display now shows the real imbalance values of the wheel as fitted on the balancing machine;
- press the  key again: the imbalance values shown on the display are the ones which can be achieved by proceeding with the last stage of the optimisation process.
- press the  key again: the machine returns to the last stage of the OPT program.

OPT 4

- Turn the wheel until it is in the position shown by illumination of the central elements of the position indicators.
- Make a **double chalk mark** on the **outside** wall of the tyre at 12 o'clock. If the screen indicates that the tyre should be mounted on the rim the other way round, make the two chalk marks on the **inside** of the tyre wall. The user can switch from the "with reversal"

to the "without reversal" mode by pressing the  key.





- Remove the wheel from the balancing machine.
- Rotate the tyre (switching around if necessary) on the rim, until the mark made previously corresponds with the valve (rotation through 180°).
- Re-fit the complete wheel on the balancing machine.
- Rotate the wheel until the valve (or hole) is at 12 o'clock.
- Press the  key.

- Carry out a fourth wheel spin (third spin if using a OPT FLASH).

With the completion of the spin, the optimization program has been completed and the weights to be added to balance the wheel will be displayed on the monitor.

If an error has been made that may negatively affect the end result, the machine will indicate this error with the "OPT ERR" message. This means that the entire procedure should be repeated from the beginning.




Special cases

- If execution of the first spin with rim only is not required, the first phase can be skipped by pressing the  key immediately after selection of the **OPT** program. The wheel complete with tyre is then placed on the balancing machine, and the phases which follow (2, 3 and 4) are carried out as described previously.
- On completion of the second and third wheel spins, the messages "OUT 1" and "OUT 2" appear on the display respectively. In this case, users are advised to exit from the program by pressing the  key; the values of the weights necessary to balance the wheel will appear on the display. By following this procedure, the user breaks off execution of the program, at the cost of a small reduction in the final results. However, the  key can be pressed to continue execution of the optimisation procedure.
- On completion of the third wheel spin, the instruction to reverse the direction in which the tyre is fitted on the rim may appear. If the user does not wish to reverse the direction or this is not possible, the  key can be pressed; the machine will give the instructions for completion of the program without reversal.
- If a different working environment is recalled between one phase of the OPT program and the next, execution restarts from the point where it had been interrupted when the working environment in which the user was working with the OPT function is recalled.

WORKING ENVIRONMENTS



This balancing machine allows three different operatives to work at the same time, since three different working environments are provided.

To recall a working environment, proceed as follows:

- press the  key followed by the  key to recall the “87” function program (use the arrow keys to recall this number if necessary);
- press  to confirm the selection;

If the presetting is not confirmed within about three seconds, the system automatically exits from the functions programs environment.

- “OP” (operator) will appear on the left-hand display, with “1” on the right-hand one;

- press the  key to select the operator (1, 2 or 3);
- confirm the selection of the new operator by pressing the  key.

When a new operator is selected, the machine activates the parameters saved previously in that specific working environment.

The parameters which remain in the memory for each working environment are:

- balancing mode: dynamic, alu x, motorcycle, etc.;
- wheel dimensions: distance, diameter and width, or those relating to the active alu program;
- last step in the optimisation procedure (OPT).


The machine's general settings remain the same for all the working environments: grams/ounces, sensitivity x1/x5, threshold, etc.

AUTOMATIC POSITION SEARCH (RPA)



When the automatic position search program is active, at the end of each balancing wheel spin the machine stops the wheel in the position for application of the inside weight; if no weight is required, the wheel is stopped in the outside weight application position.


Pressing the **START** key with the guard raised activates automatic position search for the other side of the wheel.

To access the automatic position search program, proceed as follows:

- recall the function program N° 87 (Working environments) by pressing the  key and

the  key;


- press the  and  keys to preselect function program N° 90 (RPA);

- press  to make the selection.

If the presetting is not confirmed within about three seconds, the system automatically exits from the functions programs environment.


- When this program is selected the system displays:

- the message RPA on the left-hand display;
- the message ON or OFF on the right-hand display;

- The  key can be pressed to activate or deactivate automatic search for the weight application position.

- Select:

- ON to enable automatic position search;
- OFF to disable automatic position search.

- Confirm the program setting by pressing the  key.

VISUAL CHECK ON ROUNDNESS OF THE WHEEL

This function allows the wheel to be started up at **low speed** with the guard open, so that a visual check can be made on any geometrical irregularities of the rim and wheel.

The visual check function is activated by keeping the START key pressed with the guard raised for at least two seconds.

The START key must then be kept pressed for all the time it takes to make the check on the wheel or rim.

The wheel balancer will stop the wheel as soon as the key is released.

CALIBRATION PROGRAMS

Sensitivity calibration



This must be carried out when the user considers that the calibration is outside the tolerance range, or when the machine itself prompts the procedure by displaying the message "Err CAL".

- Fit the calibration disc on the balancing machine.

- Press the either of the two  and  keys, and then, within two seconds, the



key. This preselects utility program number 87.


- Press the  and  keys to preselect program number 88.

- Press the  key to confirm.

- If the presetting is not confirmed within about three seconds, the system automatically exits the Utility environment.

- The display shows "d F".

- Place the internal sensor touching the calibration disc in line with the hole with the blue outline.

- Press the  key to confirm, and then move the internal sensor to the rest position.

- The displays will show "CAL --I".

- Fit the calibration weight to the outside of the disc (position 1).

- Perform a first spin.


- At the end of the spin the displays will show "CAL --I".

- Fit the calibration weight to the outside of the disc again, but this time at 180° to the previous position (position 2).


- Perform the second spin.

- At the end of the wheel spin, if the calibration has been carried out successfully the message "END CAL" will be displayed; otherwise, the message "Er3 CAL" will appear for a short time.

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- Press the  key to exit the calibration function..

NOTES

- On completion of the calibration procedure, remove the calibration weight and remove the automatic calibration disc from the balancing machine.
- The user can interrupt the program at any moment by pressing the  key.







Possible error messages

- “ER3 GE2” message: Indicates an error in performing the calibration procedure; repeat the calibration.
- “d 216” message: appears if the internal sensor has failed; to continue with calibration, place the internal sensor touching the blue hole on the calibration disc and enter the distance value read on the sensor ruler in manual mode.

THE CALIBRATION PERFORMED IS VALID FOR ANY KIND OF WHEEL!


Sensor calibration

This procedure is used to calibrate the potentiometers of the automatic measuring arms. It must be carried out when the machine requests it by displaying the “Er4 CAL” message, or when a difference between the geometrical values measured and the actual values of the wheel is noticed.

- Fit the calibration disc on the balancing machine.
- Press the  and  keys until the luminous dot corresponding to the CAL program lights up.
- Press .
- The displays will show “CAL FFF” or “CAL FF-” if the external sensor is not present or has failed.
- Move the sensor(s) to the rest position and press the  key to confirm.
- Place the internal sensor touching the calibration disc in line with the hole with the blue outline.
- Press the  key to confirm.
- Move the inside sensor to the rest position.
- Place the external sensor (if present) touching the calibration disc, in any position on the disc;
- Press the  key to confirm.
- Move the external sensor to the rest position.

If the calibration has been carried out successfully, a beep of confirmation will be heard.

If the message "Err 20" appears, the sensor(s) were not positioned correctly during the calibration procedure. Position it correctly, as already described, and repeat the procedure.

Pressing  exits from the program and aborts the procedure.

NOTES

- On completion of the calibration procedure, remove the automatic calibration disc from the balancing machine.

Possible error messages

- Message "ERR 10": indicates that the distance potentiometer has failed or is incorrectly positioned.
- Message "ERR 11": indicates that the diameter potentiometer has failed or is incorrectly positioned.
- Message "ERR 12": indicates that the width potentiometer has failed or is incorrectly positioned.






ATTENTION

Bear in mind that the wheel's nominal diameter (e.g. 14") refers to the planes on which the tyre bead rests, which are obviously inside the rim. On the other hand, the data measured refer to external planes, so they will be lower than the nominal values because of the thickness of the rim. The balancing machine compensates these differences, so that the values measured are the same as the nominal values, a consolidated reference for the user. Obviously, compensation is carried out with reference to the thickness of a rim used in the calibration procedure, so the data measured later on wheels of different thickness may vary slightly (maximum 2 or 3 tenths of an inch) from the nominal values. This is not an error in the precision of the devices; it simply reflects the real situation.

DISPLAY MESSAGES

The machine can recognize a certain number of incorrect operations and will signal them with appropriate messages on the display.

Error messages

- Err CAL** Error in first sensitivity calibration.
The sensitivity calibration procedure should be carried out.
- Err3 gE2** Error in performing the calibration procedure.
Repeat the calibration procedure.
- Err 4** Sensor calibration error.
The sensor calibration procedure should be carried out.
- Err 7** The machine is temporarily unable to select the program requested.
Carry out a spin and repeat the request.
- Err 9** Imbalance value exceeds 999 grams.
Reduce the imbalance and repeat the spin.
- Err 10** a) Internal distance sensor not in rest position (completely in) when the machine is switched on. Switch off the machine, return the sensor to its correct position and switch on again.
- b) Potentiometer malfunction. Press the  key to disable the sensors and enter the data using the keyboard. Call in the technical after-sales service.
- Err 11** Diameter potentiometer malfunction.
- Press the  key to disable the sensors and enter the data in manual mode.
Call in the technical after-sales service.
- Err 12** a) Width sensor not in rest position (fully in) when the machine is switched on.
Switch off the machine, return the sensor to the correct position and switch it back on.
- b) Failure on the corresponding potentiometer. Press the  key to disable the sensors and enter the data using the keyboard. Call in the technical after-sales service.
- Err 20** Sensors in incorrect position during calibration.
Bring them to the position indicated and repeat the calibration.
- Err 23** Incomplete or incorrect data entered in ALU P.
Repeat acquisition process correctly.
- Err 25** Program not available on this model.
- Err 26** Program only available after selection of ALU 1P / ALU 2P.
- Err 27** Wheel spin time too long.
- Err 28** Encoder count error. If the error recurs frequently, call in the technical after-sales service.

Err 29	Failure on the wheel spin device. Try moving the wheel by hand; if the fault does not disappear call in the technical after-sales service.
Err 30	Failure on wheel spin device. Switch off the machine and call in the technical service.
Err 31	Optimisation procedure (OPT) already launched by another user.
Err Stp	Wheel has stopped during spin.
Alu Err	Dimension setting not correct for an ALU program. Correct the dimensions set.
OPT Err	Error conditoin during execution of the optimisation program. Repeat the procedure from the beginning.
Err Cr	Spin carried out with wheel guard up. Lower the guard in order to carry out the spin.

Other messages

CAL [GO]	Calibration wheel spin.
GO Alu	Wheel spin with Alu program selected.
GO d15	Wheel spin with Motorcycle Dynamic program selected.
GO A15	Wheel spin with Motorcycle Alu program selected.
St	Wheel spin with Static program selected.
hid n	Setting of number of spokes in “hidden weight” program.
CCC CCC	Imbalance values greater than 999 grams.

BALANCING ACCESSORY AVAILABILITY STATUS

This check allows the user to make sure that wear has not altered the mechanical specifications of flanges, cones, etc., beyond the specified limits.

When a wheel is perfectly balanced, removed and remounted in a different position, the imbalance weight should not be more than 10 grams.

If the imbalance is higher, check all the accessories with care and replace any that show dents, abnormal wear, bent flanges, etc.

Always remember that if you are using a cone to centre the wheel on the shaft, you will never obtain good results if the hole in the rim is not perfect, i.e.: off-centre or out-of-round. Results are always better when the wheel is centreed with the rim holes.

It should be remembered that any difference between the way the wheel is mounted on the vehicle and the way it is mounted on the balancing machine will undoubtedly generate a certain degree of imbalance.

This can only be eliminated with “on vehicle balancing”, using a finishing balancing machine to complement the work on the bench balancing machine.

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TROUBLESHOOTING

Listed below are faults that the user can remedy if the cause is found to be among those indicated.

Any other defect or malfunction will require the attention of a qualified technician: contact your nearest Corgi service centre.

The machine fails to switch on (the displays remain off and the master switch light is on)

No power at the socket.

- ➔ Check the mains power is present.
- ➔ Check the electrical power circuit installed in the workshop.

Defective machine plug.

- ➔ Check that the plug is undamaged.

The machine fails to switch on (the displays remain off and the master switch light is on)

One of the FU1 ÷ FU6 fuses of the transformer has blown.

- ➔ Replace the blown fuse.

The FU1 power supply fuse has blown (LED L2 and L5 are off).

- ➔ Replace the blown fuse.

The dimension values measured with the automatic sensors do not correspond to the nominal values of the rims

The sensors have not been correctly positioned during measurement.

- ➔ Bring the sensors to the position shown in fig. 11 and follow the instructions in the ENTERING WHEEL DATA section

The sensors have not been calibrated.

- ➔ Carry out the sensor calibration procedure.


**The thickness of the rim is different from that of the wheel used for sensor calibration
(if the difference is no more than one inch).**

- ➔ The measurement is correct because it considers the actual diameter for application of the weights. See precautions in the SENSOR CALIBRATION section.

The automatic sensors do not work

Fuses FU2 and FU3 of the power supply adaptor have blown (LEDs L1 and L3 are off and the potentiometer values displayed in Service mode are constantly zero).

- ➔ Replace the fuses.

I tastatori non erano a riposo all'accensione (Err 10) e si è premuto il tasto  per inserire i dati geometrici con la tastiera, disabilitando la gestione dei tastatori automatici.

- ➔ Switch off the machine, return the sensors to the correct position and switch back on.

The wheel fails to spin when the START control is activated (the machine does not start)

The wheel guard is raised.

- ➔ Lower the wheel guard (CrErr is displayed).

The FU2 and FU3 power supply fuses have blown (LED lights L1 and L3 are off).

- ➔ Replace the blown fuses.

The machine displays unsteady imbalance values

The machine has been jolted during the spin.

- ➔ Repeat the spin, taking care not to disturb the machine while measuring is in progress.

The machine is not soundly installed on the flooring.

- ➔ Check the installation and adjust the support feet, using shims if necessary.

The wheel is not properly clamped.

- ➔ Tighten the clamping ring-nut firmly.

Several spins are required in order to balance a wheel

The machine has been jolted during the spin.

- ➔ Repeat the spin, taking care not to disturb the machine while measuring is in progress.

The machine is not soundly installed on the flooring.

- ➔ Check the installation and adjust the support feet, using shims if necessary.

The wheel is not properly clamped.

- ➔ Tighten the clamping ring-nut firmly.

The machine is not correctly calibrated.

- ➔ Carry out the sensitivity calibration procedure.

The wheel data are not correct.

- ➔ Check that the data corresponds to the dimensions of the wheel and correct, if necessary.
- ➔ Carry out the sensor calibration procedure.



WARNING

The “Spare parts” manual does not authorise the user to work on the machine except for the operations specifically described in the operator’s manual, but is intended to enable the user to supply accurate information to the technical service, in order to reduce intervention times.

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MAINTENANCE



WARNING

CORGIH declines all liability for claims deriving from the use on non-original spares or accessories.



WARNING

Before carrying out any adjustments or performing maintenance operations, disconnect the electrical power supply from the machine and make sure that all moving parts are suitably immobilized.

Do not remove or modify any parts of the machine except in the event of service interventions.



ATTENTION

Keep the work area clean.

Do not clean the machine with compressed air or jets of water.

When cleaning the area take steps to avoid raising dust as far as possible.

Keep the balancing machine shaft, the clamping ring-nut, the cones and the centring flanges clean. Clean using a brush dipped in environmentally friendly solvents.

Handle cones and flanges with care to avoid the risk of dropping them and causing damage that would affect centreing precision.

When not in use, store cones and flanges in a place where they are protected from dust and dirt.

Use ethyl alcohol to clean the display panel.

Calibrate the machine at least once every six months.

SCRAPPING

If the machine is to be scrapped, remove all electrical, electronic, plastic and ferrous components and dispose of them separately, as provided for by local legislation.

RECOMMENDED FIRE-EXTINGUISHING DEVICES

When choosing the most suitable fire extinguisher consult the following table:

	Dry combustibles	Inflammable liquids	Electrical fires
Water	YES	NO	NO
Foam	YES	YES	NO
Dry chemical	YES*	YES	YES
CO ₂	YES*	YES	YES

YES* Use only if more appropriate extinguishers are not on hand and when the fire is small.



WARNING

The indications in this table are of a general nature. They are designed as a guideline for the user. The application of each type of extinguisher will be illustrated fully by the respective manufacturers on request.

GLOSSARY

Following there is a brief description of some of the technical terms used in this manual.

BALANCING CYCLE

Sequence of operations performed by the user and the machine, starting from the beginning of the wheel spin, to the time that the wheel is braked to a standstill after the unbalancing signals have been acquired and the relative values calculated.

CALIBRATION

See SELF-CALIBRATION

CENTRING

Procedure for positioning the wheel on the spin shaft with the aim of ensuring that the rotation axis of the wheel is aligned with the centre of the shaft.

CONE

Conical components with centre hole which, when inserted on the spin shaft, serves to centre wheels with centre holes whose diameter is between maximum and minimum values.

DYNAMIC BALANCING

Operation in which imbalance is corrected by the application of two weights, one on each side of the wheel.

FLANGE (balancing machine)

Disk that mates with the disk of the wheel mounted on the balancing machine. The flange also serves to keep the wheel perfectly perpendicular to its axis of rotation.

FLANGE (centring accessory)

Device serving to support and centre the wheel. Also keeps the wheel perfectly perpendicular to its axis of rotation.

The centring flange is mounted on the balancing machine shaft by means of its central hole.

IMBALANCE

Non-uniform distribution of the wheel mass that results in the generation of centrifugal force during rotation.

SELF-CALIBRATION

A procedure whereby suitable correction coefficients are calculated by starting from known operating conditions. Self-calibration improves the measurement precision of the machine by correcting, within limits, calculation errors that may arise due to alteration of the machine's characteristics over the course of time.

SENSOR (Measuring arm)

Mobile mechanical element that measures geometric data (distance, diameter, width) when placed in contact with the rim in a pre-defined position. The data can be measured automatically if the sensor is fitted with the relevant measurement transducers.

SPIN

Procedure starting from the action that causes the wheel to rotate and the successive free rotation of the wheel.

SPINNER

Device for clamping the wheel to the balancing machine. The spinner features elements for engaging to the threaded hub, and lateral pins that are used to tighten it.

STATIC BALANCING

In static balancing only the static component of the imbalance is corrected. This is achieved by fitting a single weight - usually at the centre of the rim channel. The accuracy of this system increases as the width of the wheel decreases.

THREADED HUB

Threaded part of the shaft that is engaged with the spinner to clamp the wheel. This component is supplied disassembled from the machine.

GENERAL ELECTRIC LAYOUT DIAGRAMS

fig. 18

AP1	Power supply and controls board	RP4	REB potentiometer
AP2	Mother board (CPU)	RP5	ROD potentiometer
AP3	Keyboard	RP6	Voice synthesis volume potentiometer
AP4	Monitor	SA1	Commutatore
AP5	Search board	SB1	START button
AP6	Printer	SB2	STOP button
AP7	PWM board	SB3	Brake button
AP8	Memory expansion board	SQ1	Safety guard microswitch
AP9	Voice synthesis board	SQ2	START microswitch
AP10	Display board	SQ3	Brake pedal microswitch
AP11	Alphanumeric display piloting board	SQ4	Wheel spin device safety microswitch
AP12	Optic sensor board	ST1	Motor overload cutout
B1	Speaker	TC1	Power supply transformer
BP1	Internal pick-up	V1	Diode
BP2	External pick-up	VC1	Diode rectifier
BR1	Encoder	XB1	Connector
C1	Capacitor	XS1	Power supply socket
EV1	Fan	XT1	Terminal board
FU..	Fuse	YA1	Motor coil
KM1	Remote switch	YA2	Brake / motor disconnection coil
M1	Motor	YV1	Wheel spin solenoid valve
QS1	Master switch	YV2	Brake solenoid valve
QS2	Three-pole reverser	Z1	Mains filter
R1	Resistor	Z2	Motor filter
RP1	Internal distance potentiometer		
RP2	Diameter potentiometer		
RP3	External distance potentiometer		

PNEUMATIC SYSTEM DIAGRAM

Fig. 19 Code 446428

- 1 Snap coupling
- 2 Filter-regulator unit 0-10 bar
- 3 Pressure gauge Ø 40
- 4 Valve 3/2
- 5 Silencer filter
- 6 Reduction union Ø =1.6 mm
- 7 Single-acting Q.L. device cylinder
- 8 Valve 3/2
- 9 Single-acting R.O.D. device cylinder



EM 8040

Cod. 461157/A - 2.0 del 05/03

Italiano

Illustrazioni e schemi

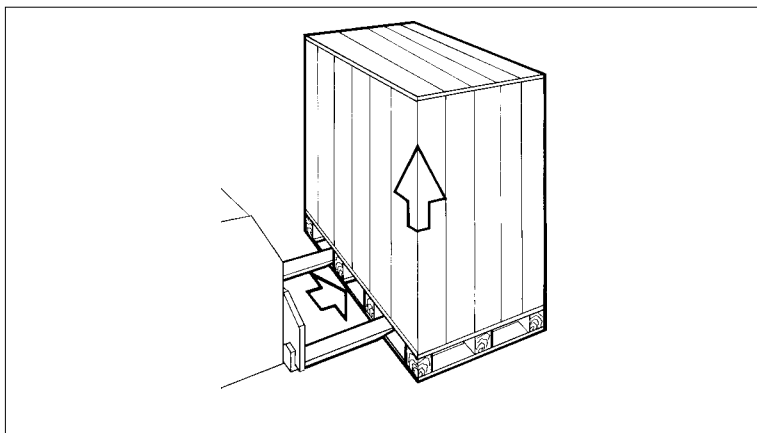
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Illustrations and diagrams

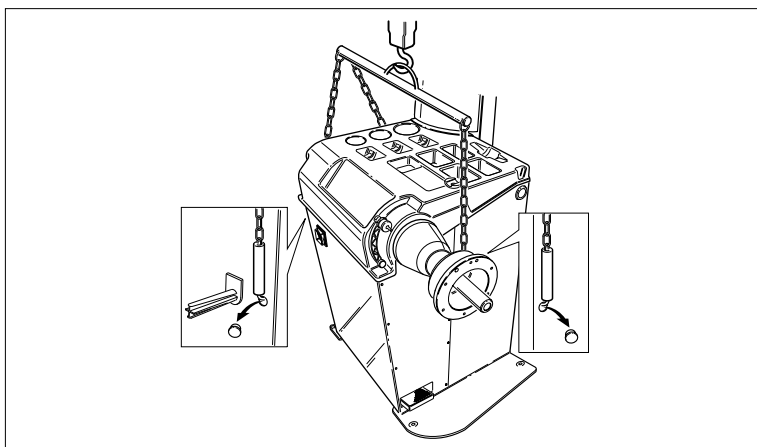
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Illustrations et schémas

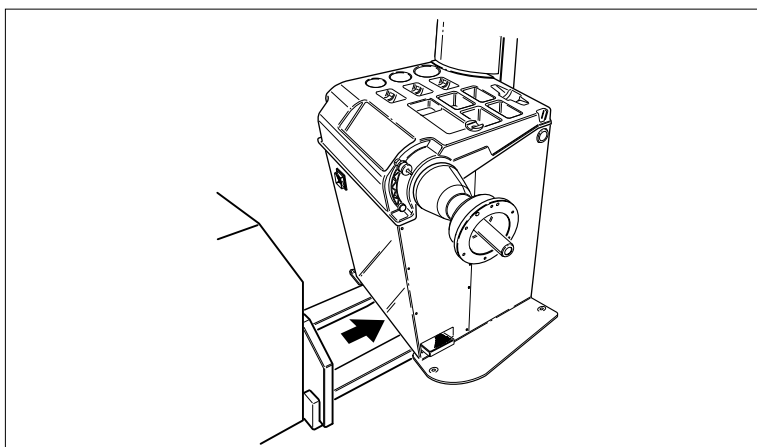
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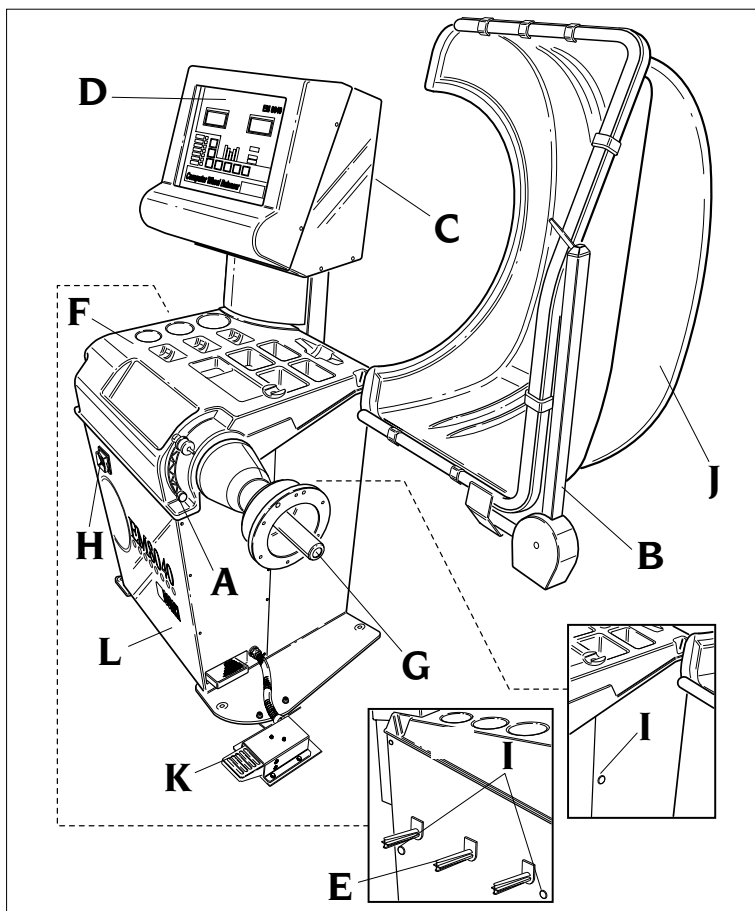


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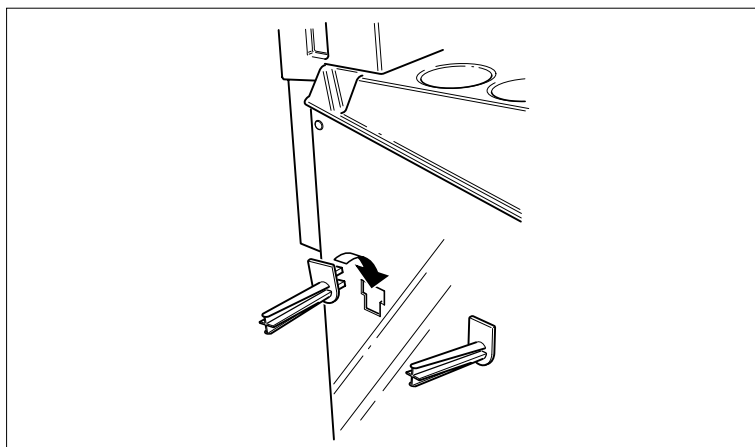


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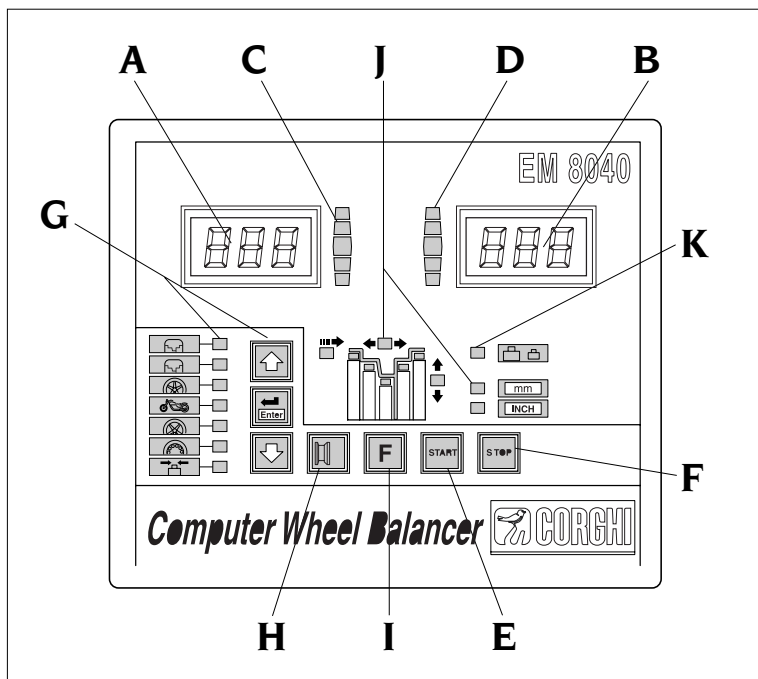


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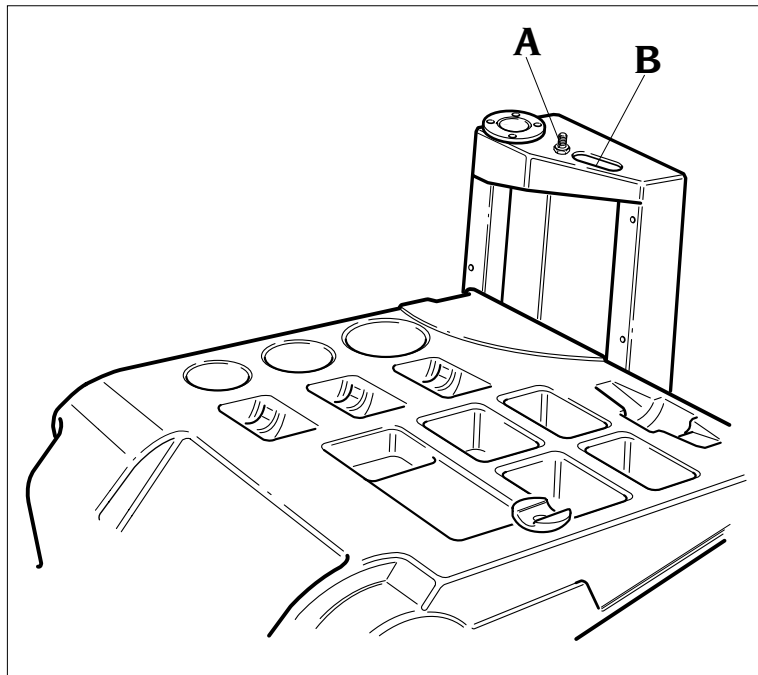


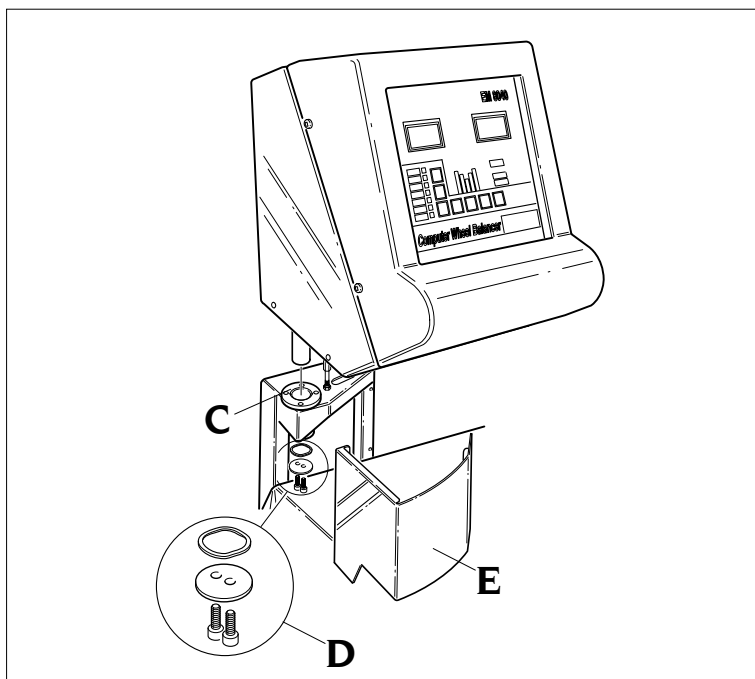
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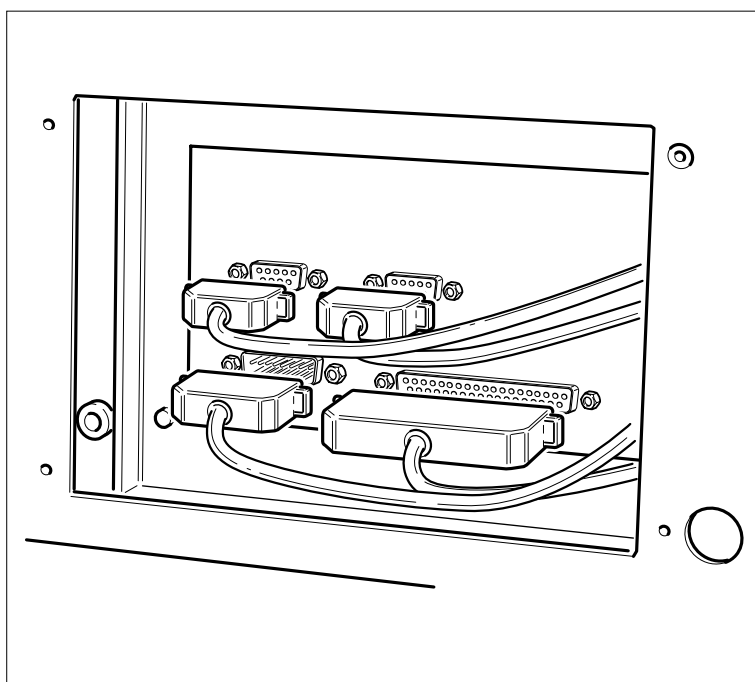


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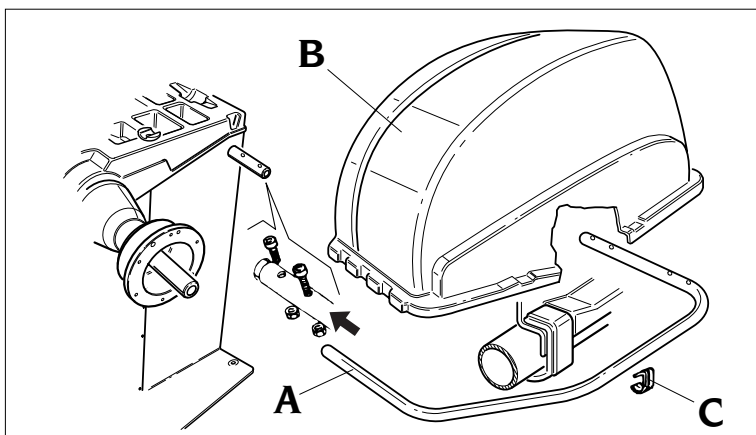


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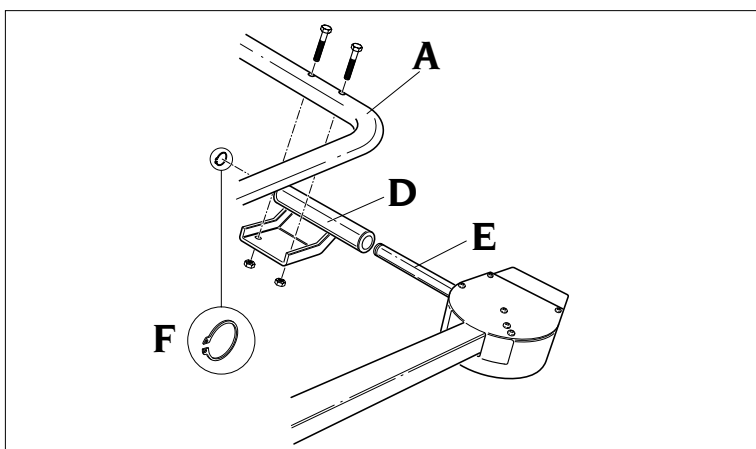


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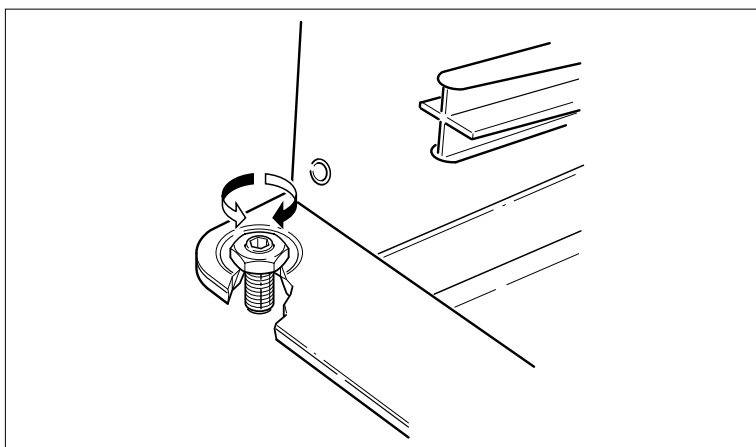
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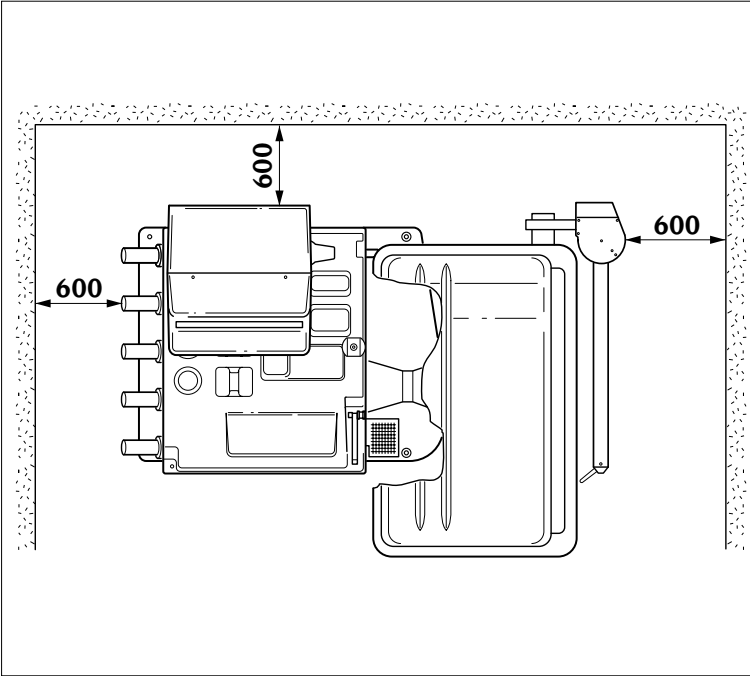


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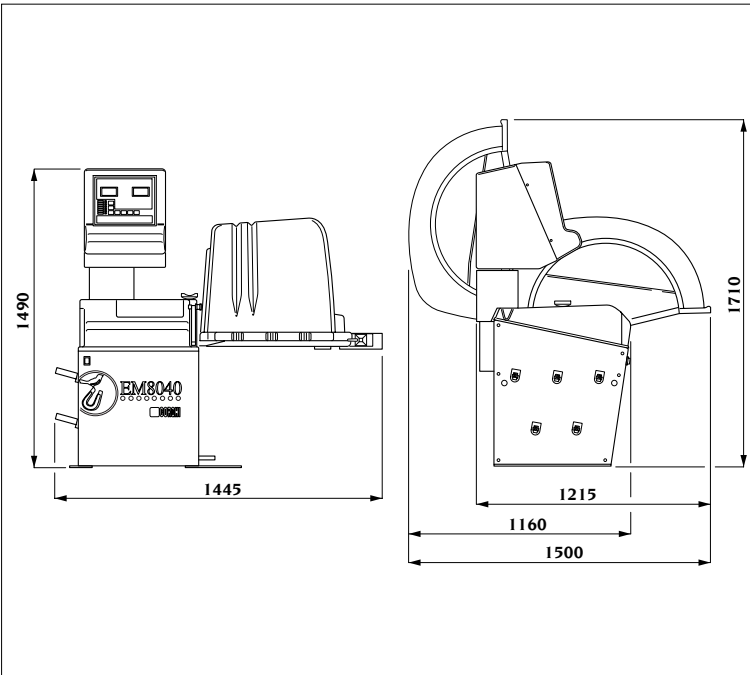


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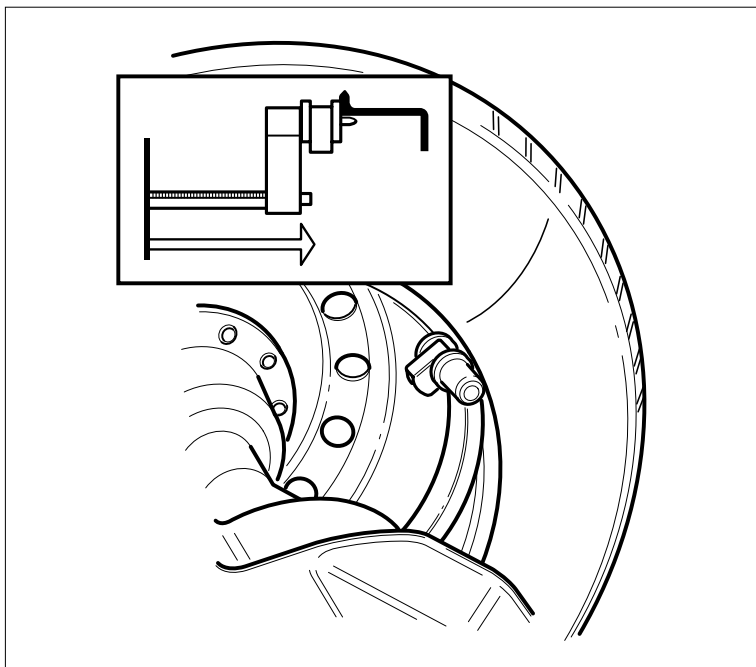


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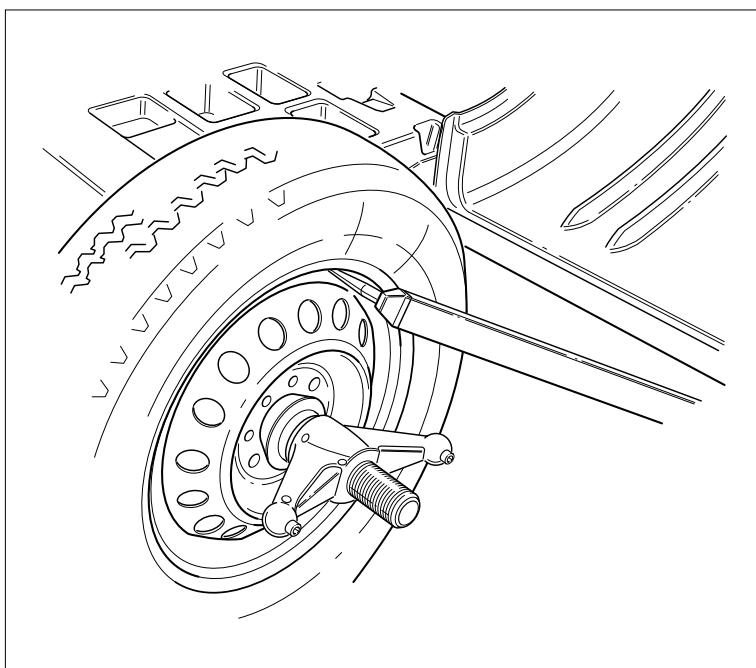


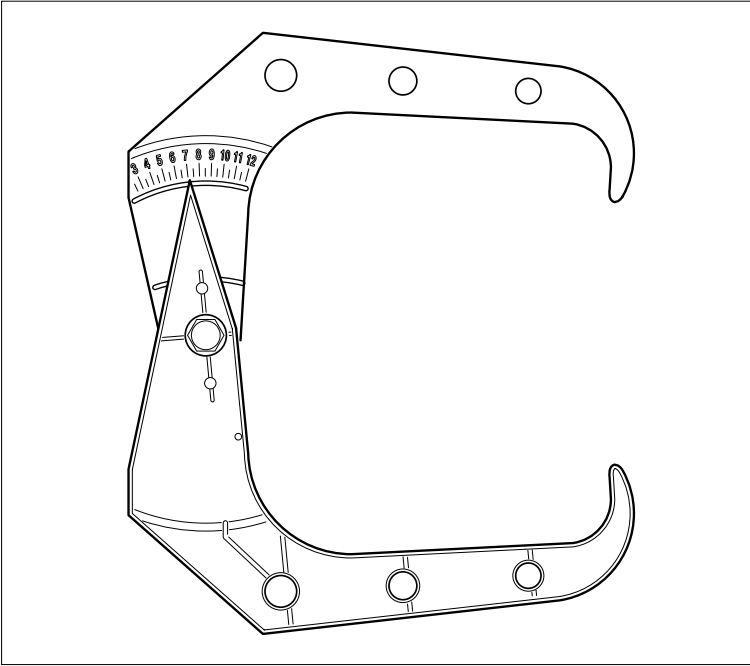
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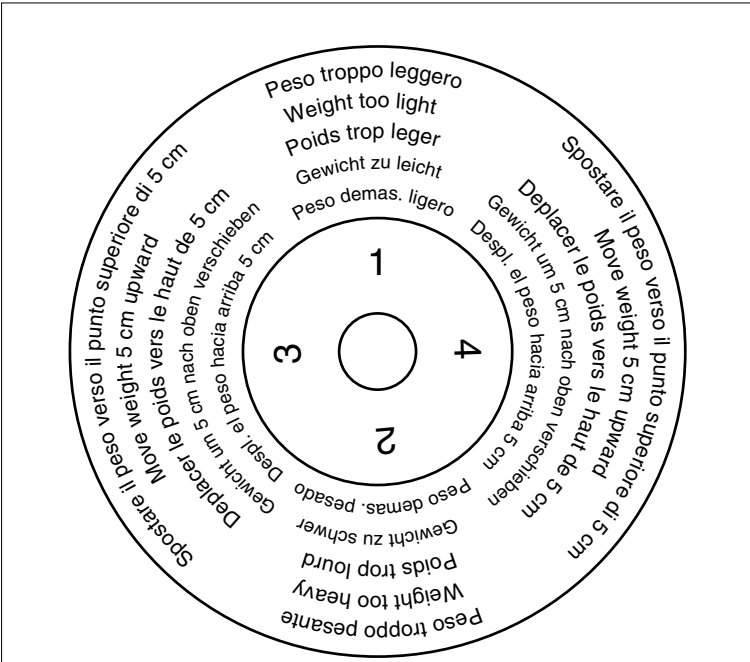


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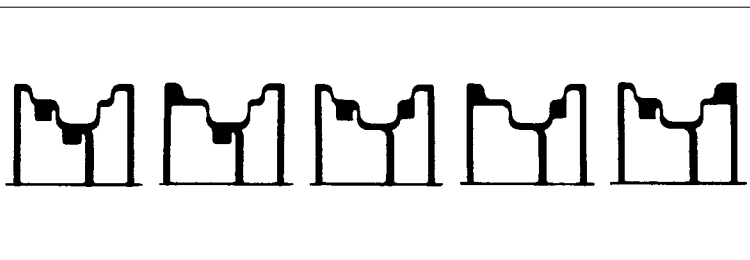


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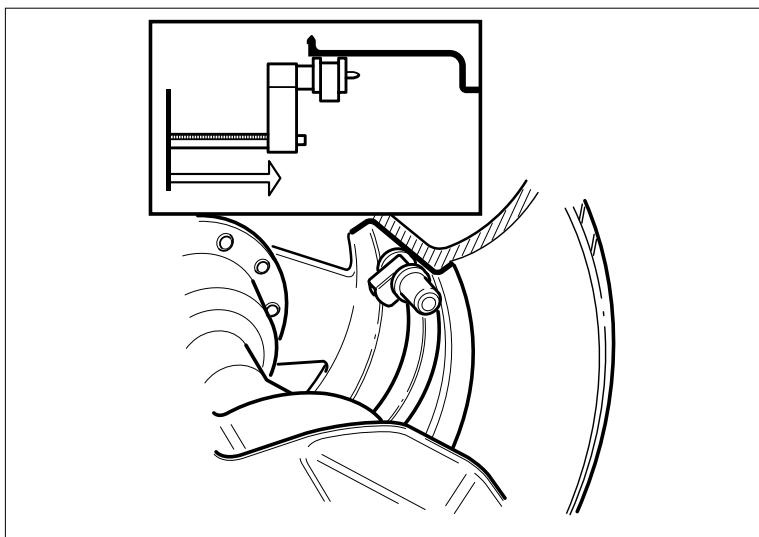


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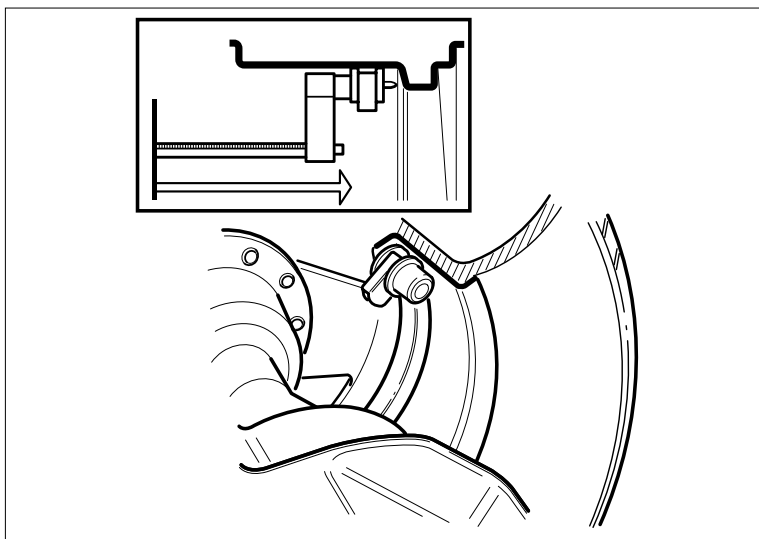
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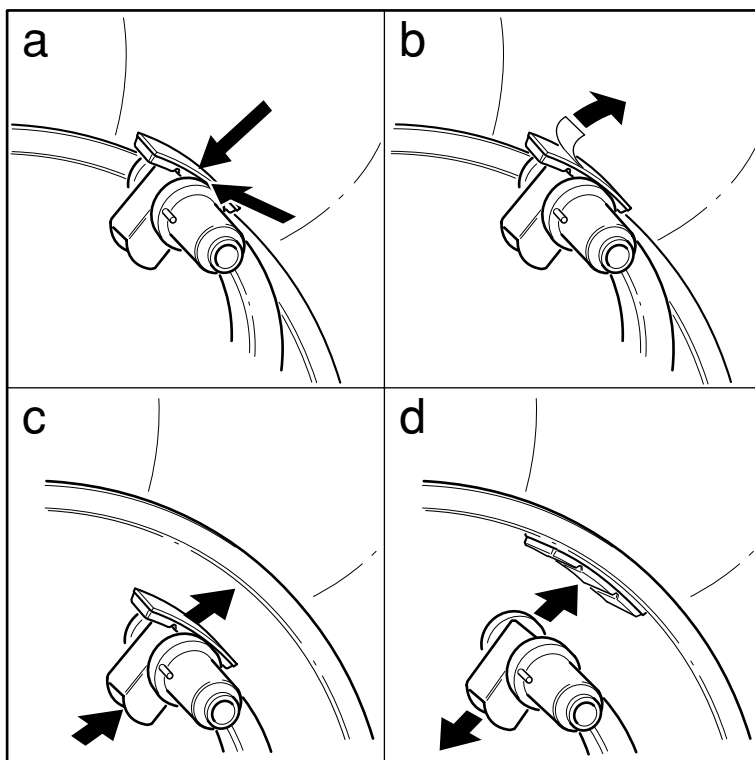


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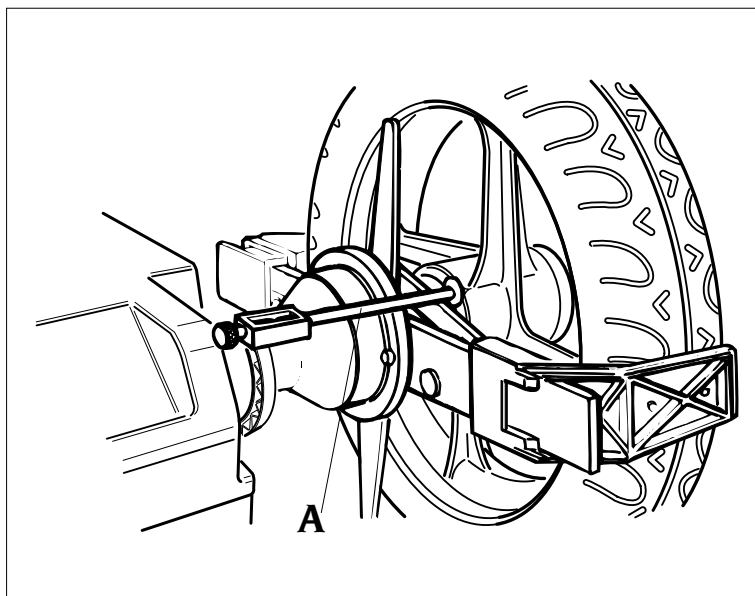


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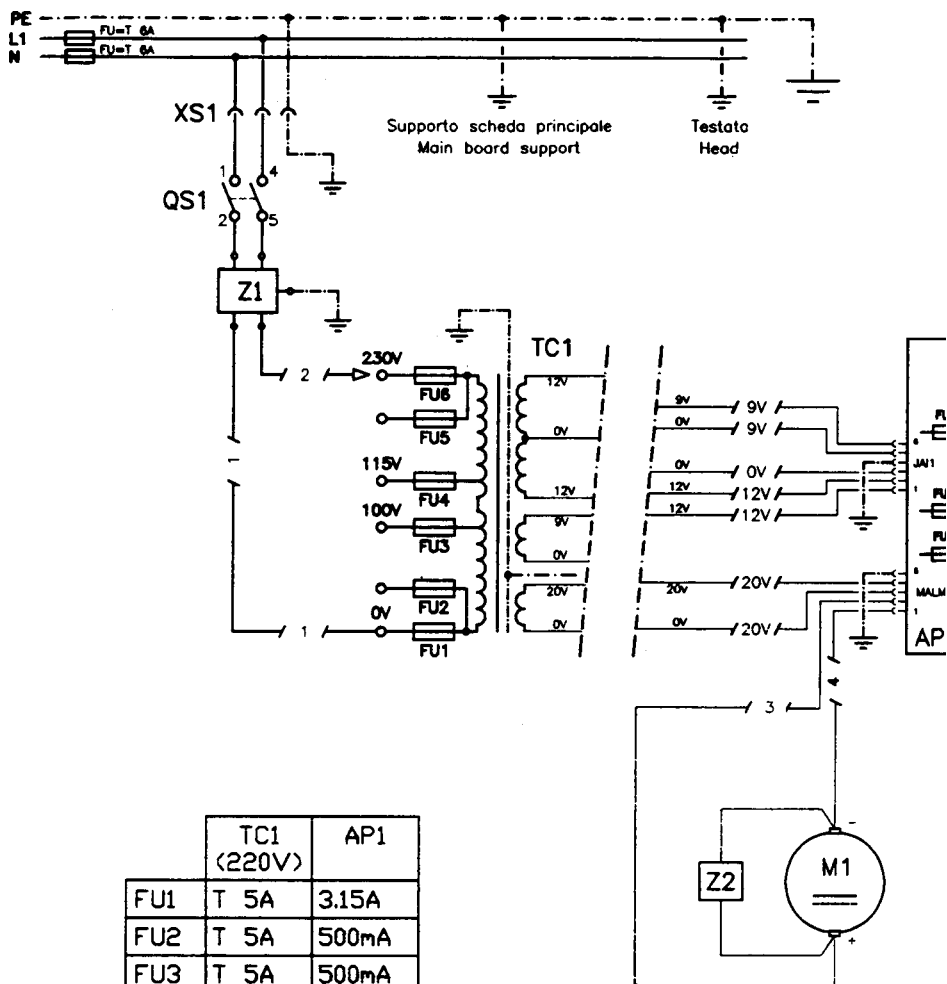


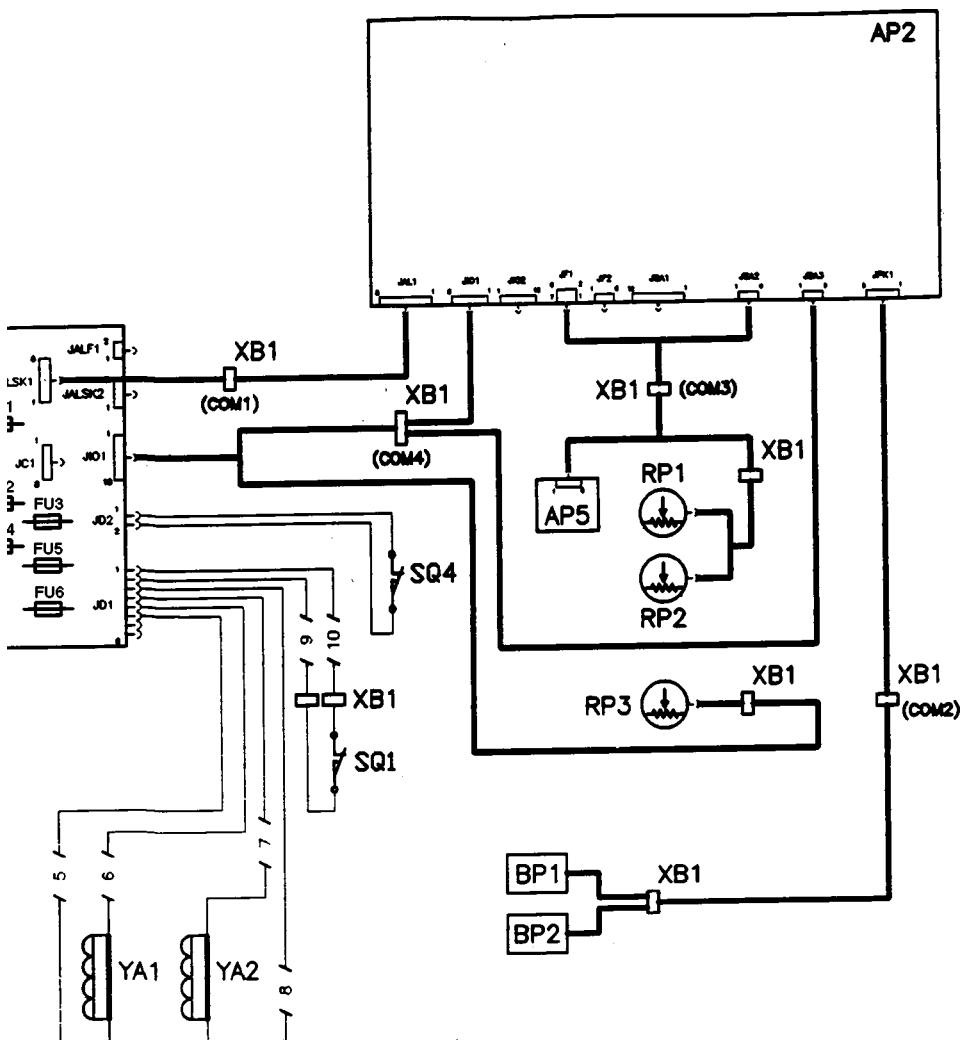


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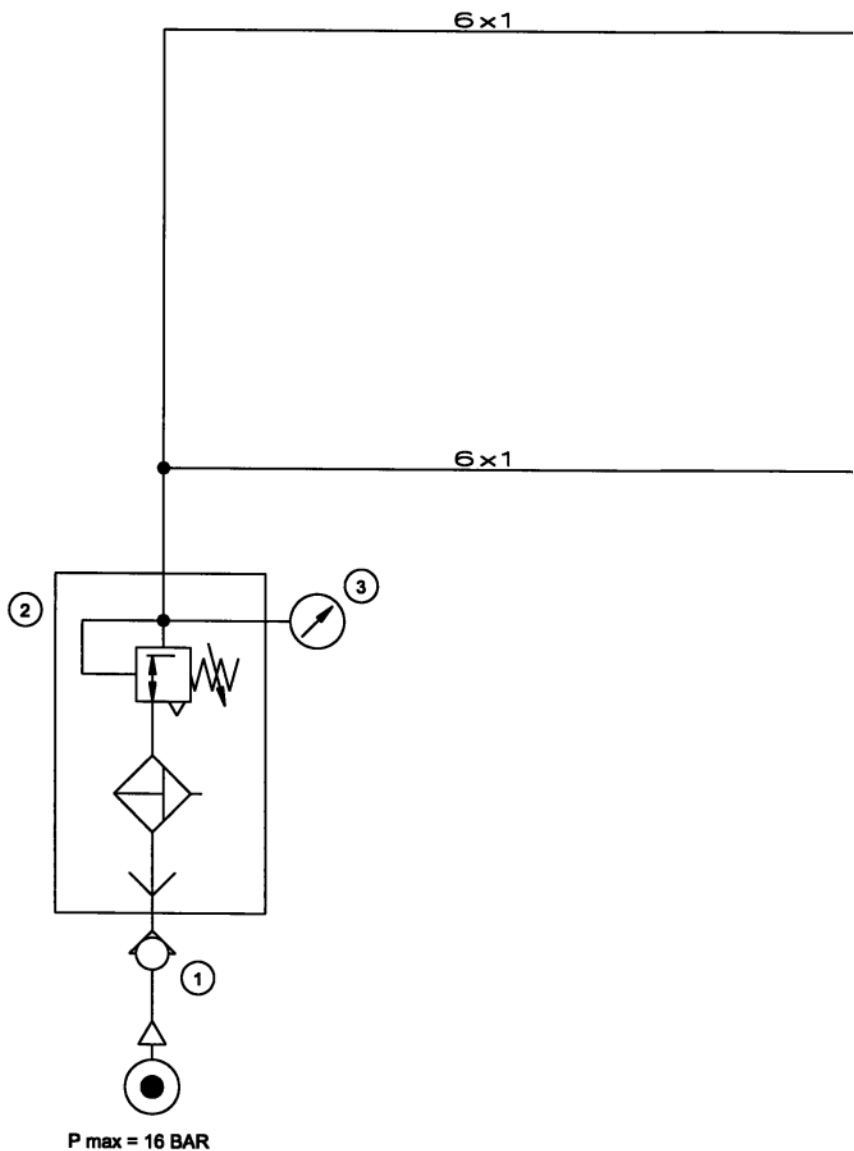


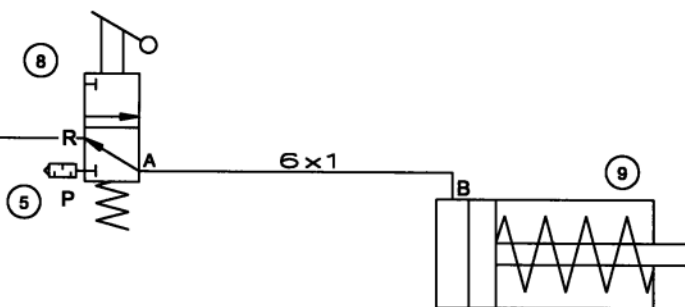
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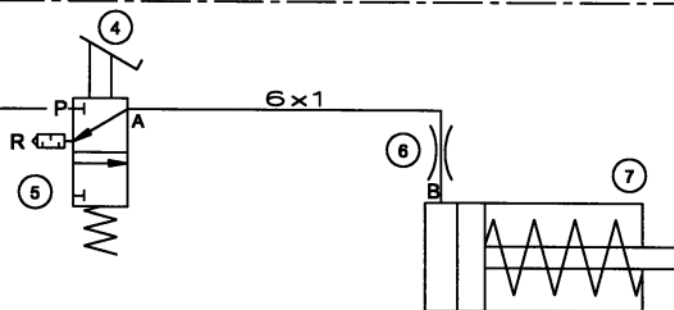


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Dispositivo R.O.D.



Dispositivo PN/QL

EC statement of conformity

We, CORGHI SPA, Strada Statale 468, n°9, Correggio (RE), ITALY, do hereby declare, that the product

EM8040 wheel balancer

to which this statement refers, conforms to the following standards or to other regulatory documents:

EN 292 of 09/91

according to directives:

- 98/37/EC;
- 89/336/EEC amended with directive 92/31/EEC.

Correggio, 15 / 11 / 01



CORGHI S.p.A.
M. Frattesi

IMPORTANT: The EC Conformity Declaration is cancelled if the machine is not used exclusively with CORGHI original accessories and/or in observance of the instructions contained in the user's manual.

The form of this statement conforms to EN 45014 specifications.

Déclaration CE de conformité

Nous, CORGHI SPA, Strada Statale 468, n° 9, Correggio (RE) Italy, déclarons que le matériel

équilibruse EM8040

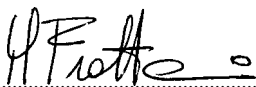
objet de cette déclaration est conforme aux normes et/aux documents légaux suivants:

EN 292 du 09/91

Sur la base de ce qui est prévu par les directives:

- 98/37/CE;
- 89/336/CEE modifiées par la directive 92/31/CEE.

Correggio, 15 / 11 / 01



CORGHI S.p.A.
M. Frattesi

IMPORTANT : La déclaration CE de conformité est considérée comme nulle et non avenue dans le cas où la machine ne serait pas utilisée exclusivement avec des accessoires originaux CORGHI et/ou, dans tous les cas, conformément aux indications contenues dans le Manuel d'utilisation.

Le modèle de la présente déclaration est conforme à ce qui est prévu par la EN 45014.

CE - Konformitätserklärung

CORGHI SPA, Strada Statale 468, Nr. 9, Correggio (RE), ITALY, erklärt hiermit, daß das Produkt

Auswuchtmaschine EM8040


worauf sich die vorliegende Erklärung bezieht, den Anforderungen folgender Normen und/oder normativer Dokumente entspricht:

EN 292 vom 09.91

auf Grundlage der Vorgaben durch die Richtlinien:

- 98/37/EWG;
- 89/336/EWG mit Änderung durch die Richtlinien 92/31/EWG.

Correggio, 15 / 11 / 01



CORGHI S.p.A.
M. Fratesi

WICHTIG: Die CE-Konformitätserklärung verliert ihre Gültigkeit, falls die Maschine nicht ausschließlich mit CORGHI-Originalzubehör und/oder unter Mißachtung der in der Betriebsanleitung aufgeführten Gebrauchsanweisungen verwendet wird.

Das Modell der vorliegenden Erklärung entspricht den Anforderungen der in EN 45014 aufgeführten Vorgaben.

Declaración CE de conformidad

La mercantil CORGHI SpA abajo firmante, con sede en Strada Statale 468 n°9, Correggio (RE), Italia, declara que el producto:

equilibradora EM8040

al cual se refiere la presente declaración, se conforma a las siguientes normas y/o documentos normativos:

EN 292, de septiembre de 1991

a tenor de lo dispuesto en la Directiva:

- 98/37/CE;
- 89/336/CEE, modificada por la Directiva 92/31/CEE.

Correggio, 15 / 11 / 01



CORGHI S.p.A.
M. Fratesi

IMPORTANTE: La declaración de conformidad CE deja de tener validez en el caso en que la máquina no sea utilizada exclusivamente con accesorios originales CORGHI y/o, en cualquier caso, con arreglo a las indicaciones contenidas en el Manual de Empleo.

El modelo de la presente declaración se conforma a lo dispuesto en la EN 45014.

Dichiarazione CE di conformità

Noi CORGHI SPA, Strada Statale 468 n°9, Correggio (RE), ITALY, dichiariamo che il prodotto

equilibratrice EM8040

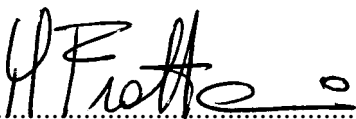
al quale questa dichiarazione si riferisce è conforme alle seguenti norme e/o documenti normativi:

EN 292 del 09/91

in base a quanto previsto dalle direttive:

- 98/37/CE;
- 89/336/CEE modificata con la direttiva 92/31/CEE.

Correggio, 15 / 11 / 01



CORGHI S.p.A.

M. Frattesi

IMPORTANTE: La dichiarazione CE di conformità decade nel caso in cui la macchina non venga utilizzata unicamente con accessori originali CORGHI e/o comunque in osservanza delle indicazioni contenute nel Manuale d'uso.

Il modello della presente dichiarazione è conforme a quanto previsto nella EN 45014.

UPT - Cod. 461157/A - 05/03 - 200.



CORGHI S.p.A. - Strada Statale 468 n.9
42015 CORREGGIO - R.E. - ITALY
Tel. ++39 0522 639.111 - Fax ++39 0522 639.150
www.corghi.com - info@corghi.com